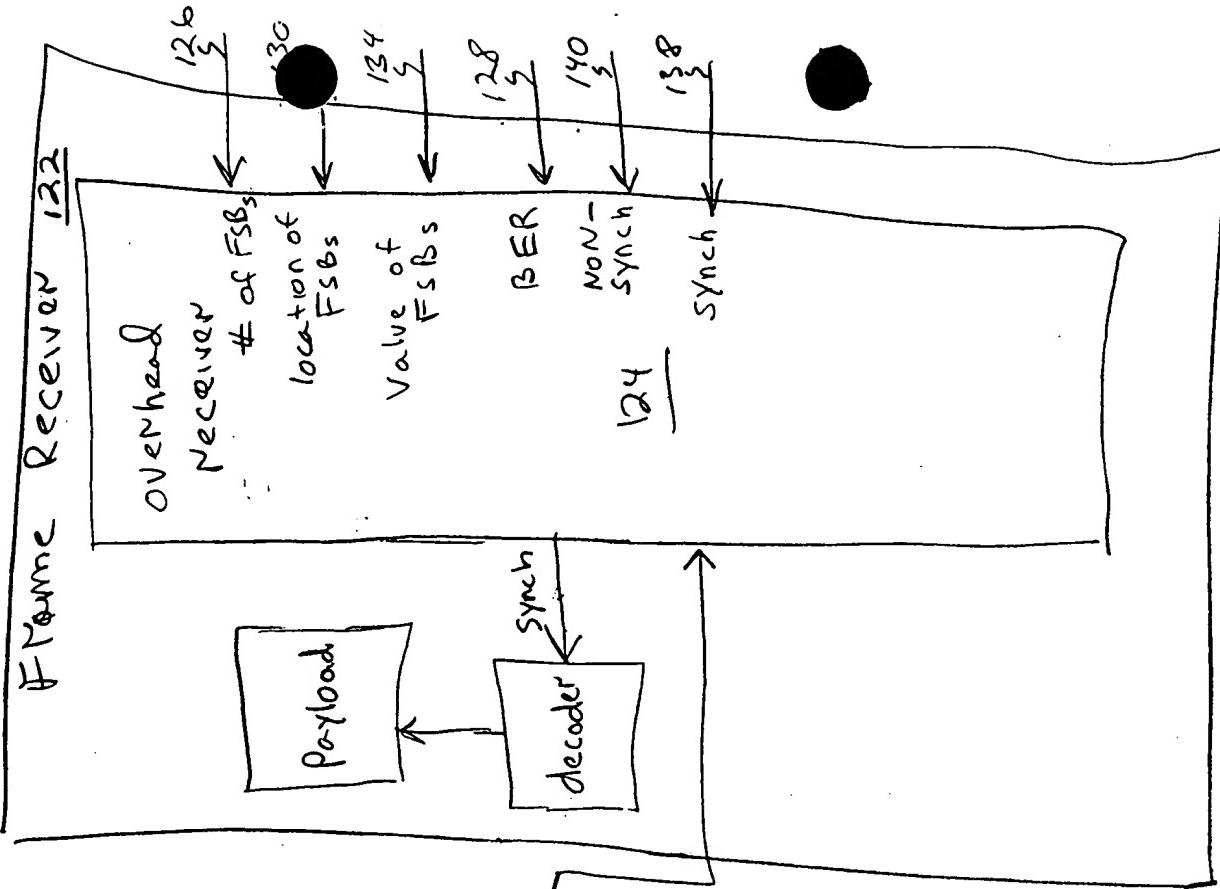
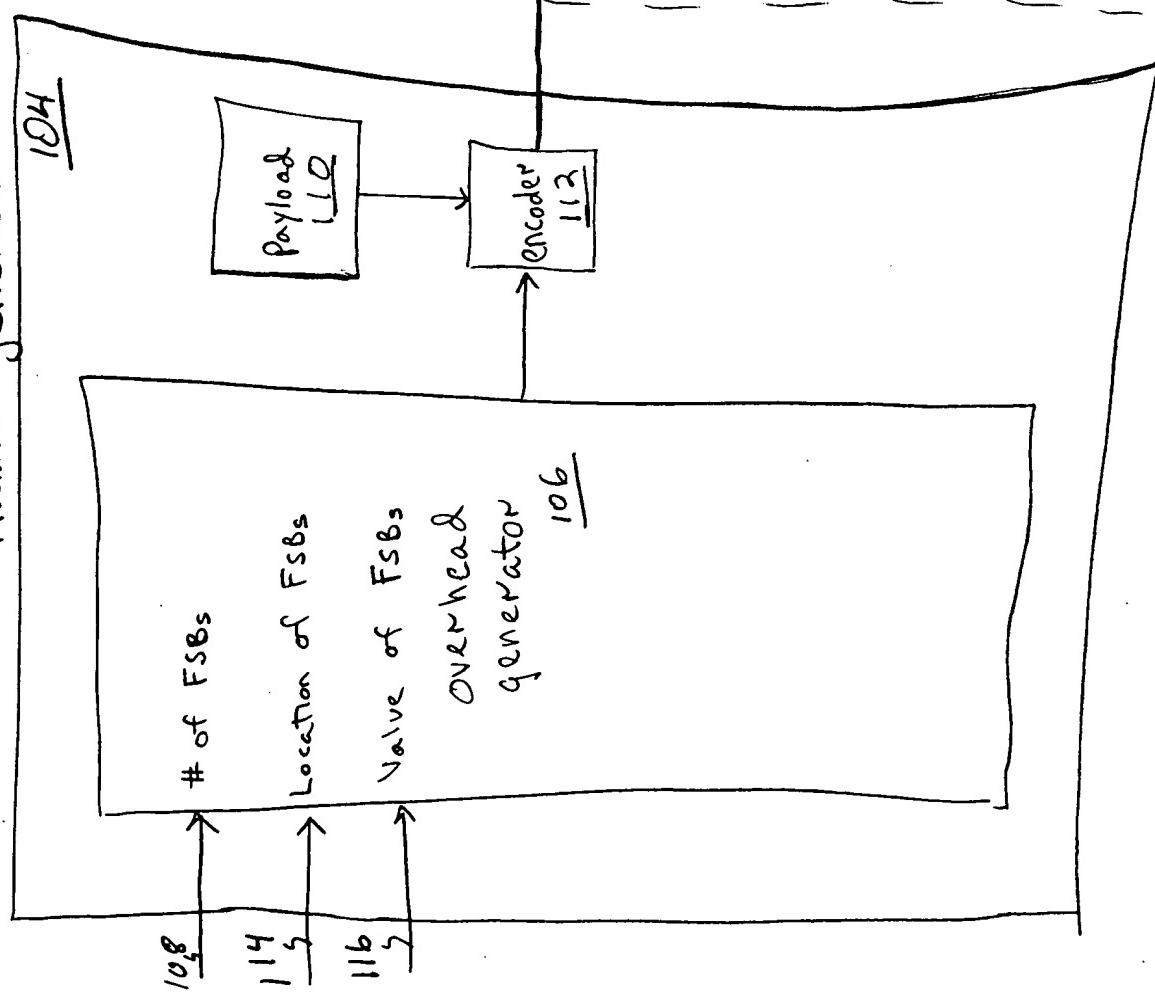


Transmitter ~~00102~~ T = 25 T ~~synch~~ 260
100

Receiver 120



Frame generator 104



$134 \rightarrow 116$
 $132 \rightarrow 114$

Fig. 1

Superframe

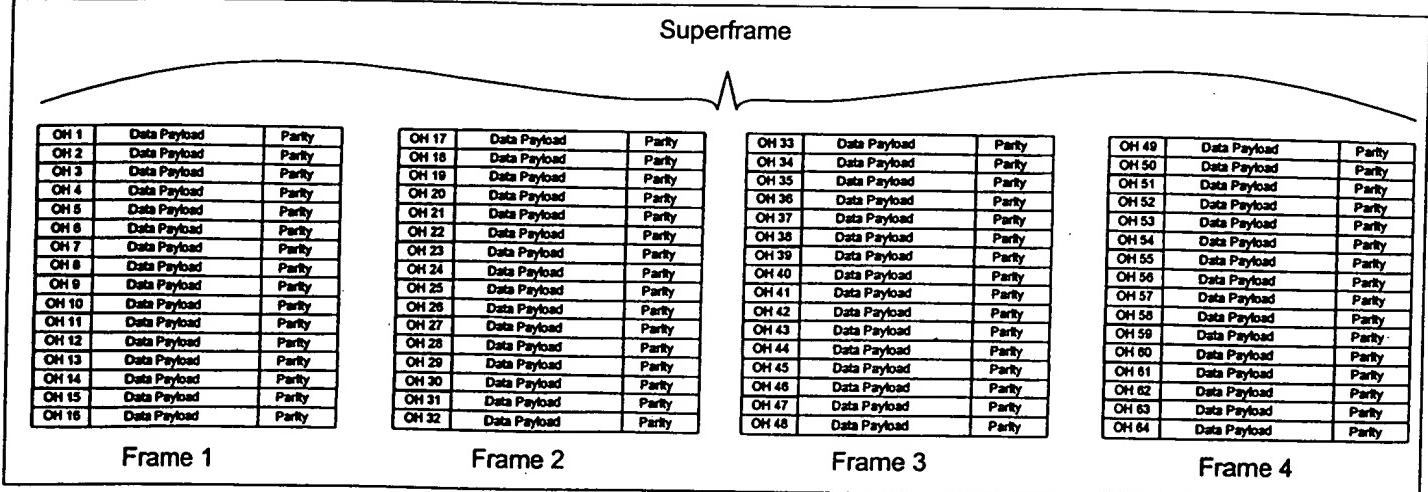


Fig. 2

0 9 7 4 6 1 5 2 0 1 2 2 2 0 0

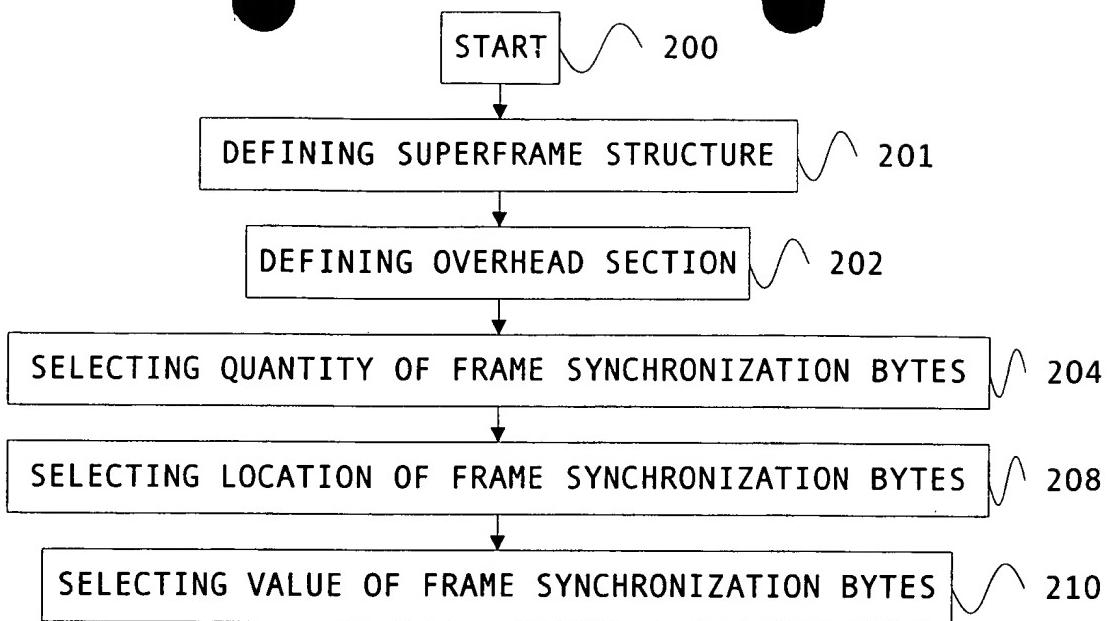


FIG. 3

002221T 2251T 3412X50

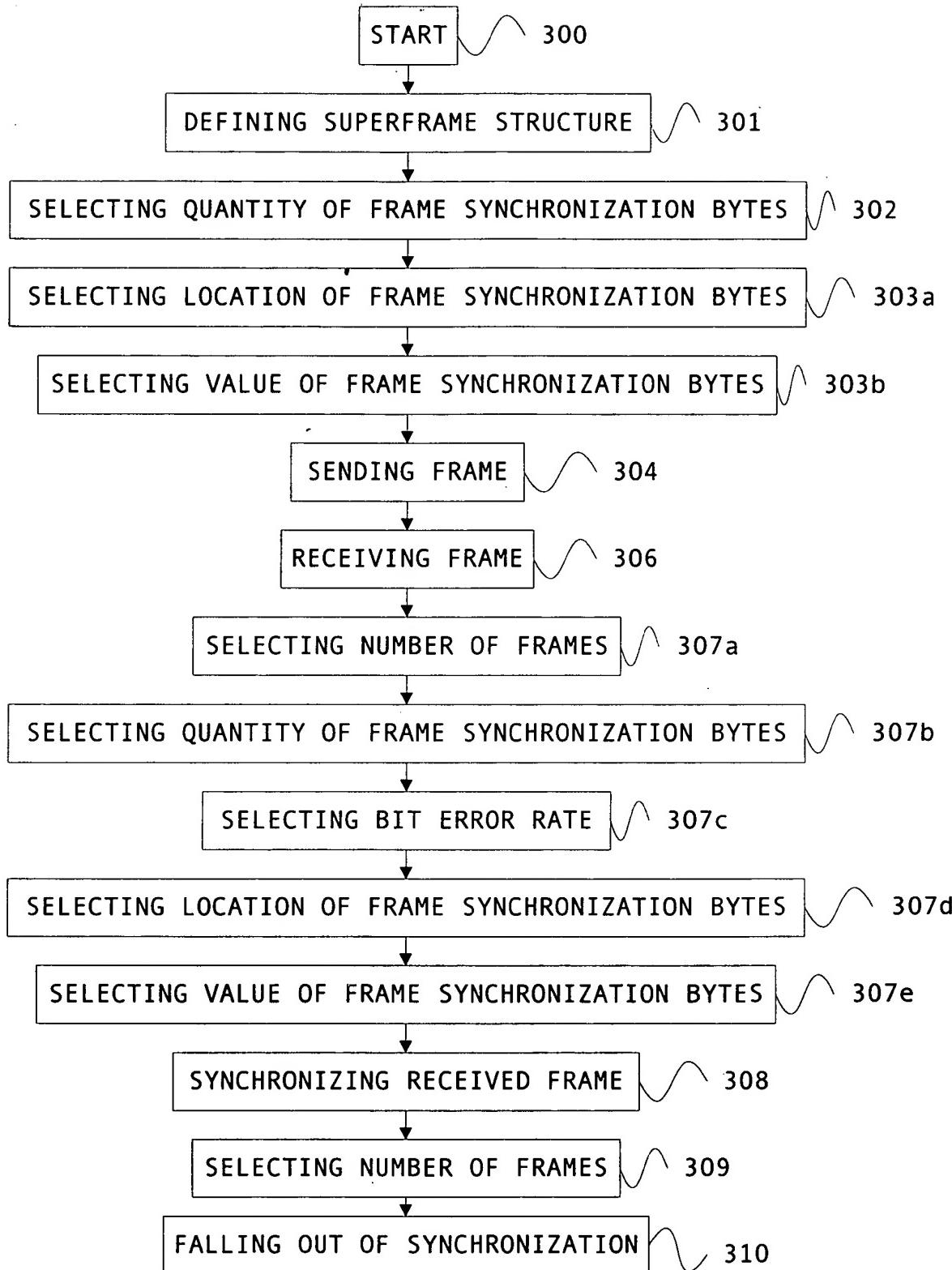


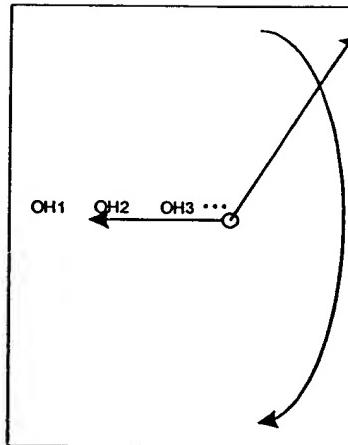
FIG. 4

092452 - 42200

1 byte	238 bytes	16 bytes
OH	Data Payload	Parity

Fig. 5

00000000-12222222



The diagram illustrates a sequence of overhead bytes labeled OH1, OH2, OH3, ..., OH16. Each byte is represented by a bracketed pair of boxes. The left box contains 'Data Payload' and the right box contains 'Parity'. A large bracket on the left groups all these bytes together.

OH 1	Data Payload	Parity
OH 2	Data Payload	Parity
OH 3	Data Payload	Parity
OH 4	Data Payload	Parity
OH 5	Data Payload	Parity
OH 6	Data Payload	Parity
OH 7	Data Payload	Parity
OH 8	Data Payload	Parity
OH 9	Data Payload	Parity
OH 10	Data Payload	Parity
OH 11	Data Payload	Parity
OH 12	Data Payload	Parity
OH 13	Data Payload	Parity
OH 14	Data Payload	Parity
OH 15	Data Payload	Parity
OH 16	Data Payload	Parity

Fig. 6